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CATALOGUE

OF

H A L T I C I D Æ

IN THE

COLLECTION

OF THE

BRITISH MUSEUM.

BY

THE REV. HAMLET CLARK, M.A., F.L.S.

PHYSAPODES AND CEDIPODES.

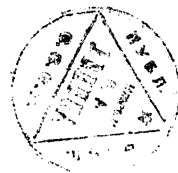
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## P R E F A C E.

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THIS Catalogue contains descriptions of the species of Physapodous and Œdipodous HALTICIDÆ in the British Museum Collection, and of the species of the group which are contained in other Collections, showing the desiderata.

In the “Introductory Remarks” the Rev. Hamlet Clark has given an account of the group, and the object of the Catalogue.

JOHN EDWARD GRAY.

August 15, 1860.

## INTRODUCTORY REMARKS.

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THE present volume contains part of the first two divisions of the group of HALTICIDÆ, proposed by Illiger (Mag. für Insekt., Sechster Band, 1807), and consists of a classification and descriptions not only of the species of the section that are contained in the British Museum, but also of those existing in the cabinets of MM. Chevrolat, Deyrolle, Dohrn, and Lacordaire, as well as of Messrs. Baly, Bates, Fry, J. Gray, Miers, Murray, Waterhouse, and my own. The great kindness and liberality of these gentlemen has enabled me to describe in the present volume forty-two genera, consisting of 245 species.

With regard to the geographical stations of these species, one only is known from the kingdom of Chili; 136 are found in the regions of Brazil south of the Amazon (6 of these are insular, one being from the Island of St. Catherine, and 5 from the Island of St. Paul); 65 are found in the basin of the River Amazon (between the Delta and Peru), while the part of the continent north of the Amazon Basin furnishes 27 (of which the district round Cayenne supplies 11, Venezuela 6, New Granada 4, and Columbia 6). Six species are found in Mexico and the south of North America, one insular species (*Ædmon sericellum*) being indigenous to Porto Rico. In addition to these, 3 species are found in other countries of North America—one in Pennsylvania, and 2 in Philadelphia. Three species only are found in Africa—one (*Eutornus Africanus*) at Sierra Leone, one (*Physonychis smaragdina*) in Senegal, and a third (*Lithonoma Africana*) near Tangiers; two only are found in Europe (*Lithonoma cincta*,